



Introduction

A fundamental requirement in the effective design and testing of database engines and applications is to easily construct alternative scenarios with regards to database contents.

CODD is a JAVA based graphical tool that attempts to alleviate the space and time overheads associated with such requirement. CODD constructs what might be termed as "Dataless Databases".

Only meta-data shell is maintained. Associated database contents are either eliminated or never created at first place.

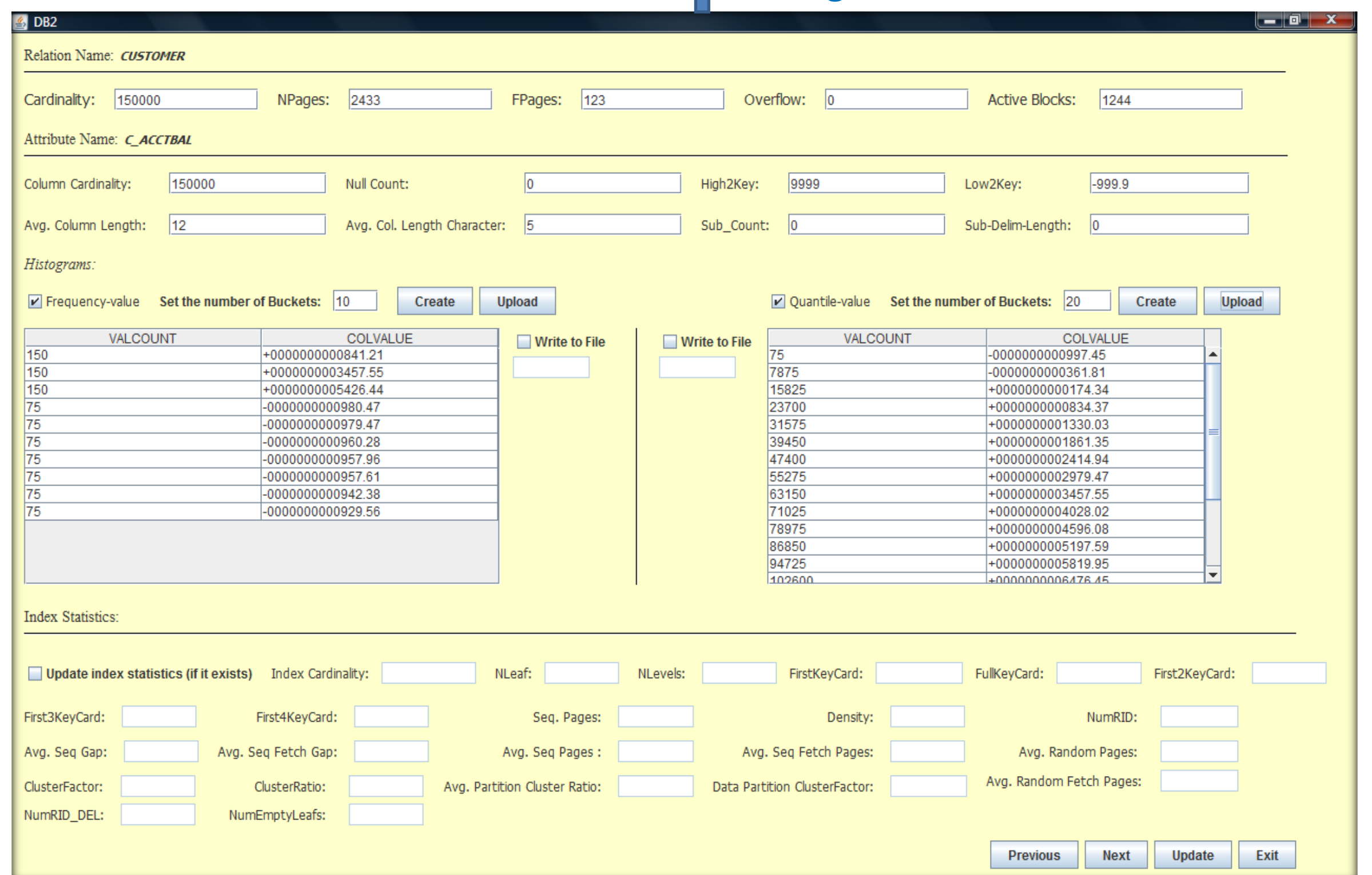
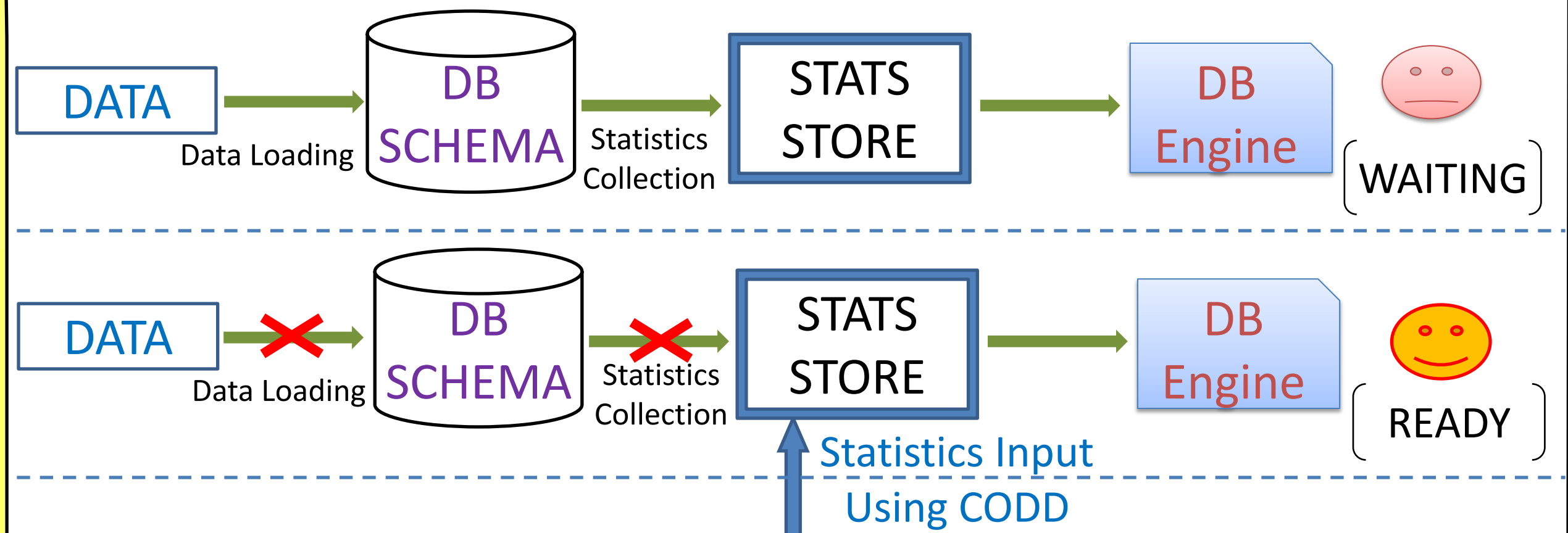
Metadata Scaling

- Scaling the metadata to work on a large database
- Scaling types: TPC-H scaling, Cost based scaling
- Can be used in an environment where storage space is a constraint

Modes of Operation

- **Drop Mode**
 - Database is already loaded with data
 - Objective is to reclaim back the storage space
- **Transfer Mode**
 - Statistics from loaded database are exported into a file and then they are imported into another database setup using that file on an identical environment
 - Can be used for simulating production scenarios in a test environment
- **Construct Mode**
 - User is allowed to directly create or edit statistical metadata for database
 - No prior database instance is required

CODD Interface

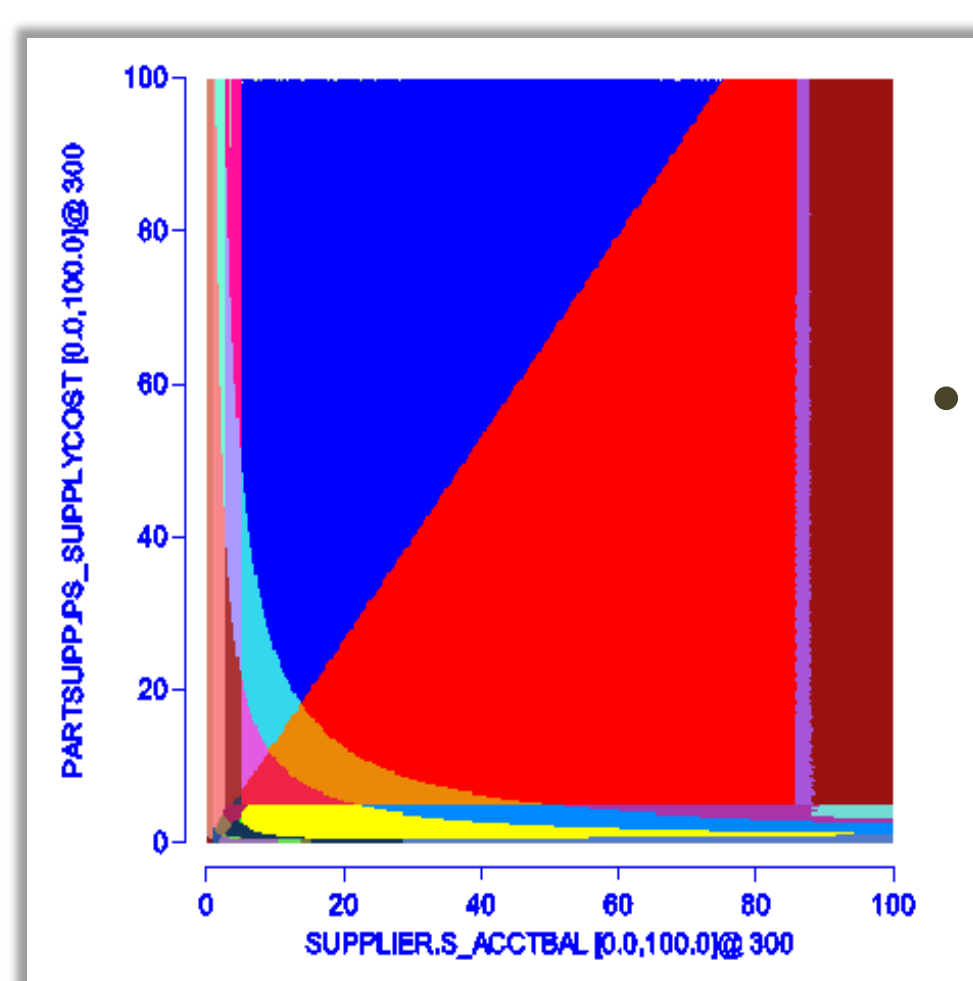


Dataless Modes on Database Engines

Engines	DB2	ORACLE	SQL Server	Sybase	PostgreSQL
Modes					
Drop Mode	Y	Y	Y (fresh schema)	Y (entire database)	Y
Transfer Mode	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y (code addition)
Construct Mode	Y	Y	N (internal format)	Y	Y (code addition)

Applications : Optimizer's behavior for futuristic scenarios

Optimizer's altered behavior in response to futuristic scenarios observed using PICASSO Query Optimizer Visualizer



1 GB TPC-H 32 Plans
QT-9 Plan Diagram
100 TB TPC-H 77 Plans

